

# Aufgabenblatt

## zu Potenzen mit rationalem Exponenten

### Potenzen Lösungen

Level 2 – Fortgeschritten – Blatt 2

#### Lösung A1

a)  $\frac{8x^{\frac{1}{4}}}{4^{\frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{2^3 \cdot x^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \frac{2^3 \cdot x^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2^{\frac{1}{2}}} = 2^{\frac{5}{2}} \cdot x^{\frac{1}{4}}$

b)  $3^{\frac{1}{t} + \frac{1}{x+1} + \frac{1}{2t} + \frac{1}{x}} = 3^{\frac{2x(x+1) + 2tx + x(x+1) + 2t(x+1)}{2tx(x+1)}} = 3^{\frac{2x^2 + 2x + 2tx + x^2 + x + 2tx + 2t}{2tx(x+1)}} = 3^{\frac{3x^2 + 3x + 4tx + 2t}{2tx(x+1)}}$

c)  $3^{3+\frac{1}{x-2}} = 3^{\frac{3(x-2)+1}{x-2}} = 3^{\frac{3x-5}{x-2}}$

d)  $e^{\frac{1}{2x+a-x-x-a}} = e^{\frac{(a+x)(a-x) + 2x(a+x) - 2x(a-x)}{2x(a+x)(a-x)}} = e^{\frac{a^2 - x^2 + 2ax + 2x^2 - 2ax + 2x^2}{2x(a^2 - x^2)}} = e^{\frac{a^2 + 3x^2}{2x(a^2 - x^2)}}$

e)  $e^{\frac{1}{2x} + \frac{1}{a-x} - \frac{1}{x+a}} = e^{\frac{(a+x)(a-x) + 2x(a+x) - 2x(a-x)}{2x(a+x)(a-x)}} = e^{\frac{a^2 - x^2 + 2ax + 2x^2 - 2ax + 2x^2}{2x(a^2 - x^2)}} = e^{\frac{a^2 + 3x^2}{2x(a^2 - x^2)}}$

f)  $\frac{9a^{\frac{1}{2}}b}{3ab^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \frac{3b^{\frac{1}{2}}}{a^{\frac{1}{2}}} = 3 \cdot \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

g)  $\frac{\frac{1}{7}a^{\frac{1}{2}}b^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\frac{1}{7}a^{\frac{1}{3}}b^{\frac{2}{3}}x} = \frac{2a^{\frac{1}{6}}}{b^{\frac{1}{6}}x} = \frac{2}{x} \cdot \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{6}}$

h)  $\frac{8a^{\frac{1}{2}}x}{2ax^{\frac{1}{3}}} = \frac{4x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{a^{\frac{1}{2}}}$

i)  $\frac{\frac{1}{6}a^3x^{\frac{1}{3}}y^0}{3a^{\frac{1}{2}}y^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \frac{2x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{a^{\frac{1}{6}}y^{\frac{1}{2}}}$

j)  $\frac{\frac{1}{4}a^{\frac{1}{2}}xy}{4a^{\frac{1}{2}}y^{\frac{3}{2}}} = \frac{3xy^{\frac{1}{2}}}{a^{\frac{1}{6}}}$

k)  $\frac{\frac{1}{6}a^{\frac{1}{2}}b^{\frac{1}{2}}x}{3ab^{\frac{1}{3}}x^{\frac{1}{3}}} = \frac{2b^{\frac{1}{6}}x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{a^{\frac{1}{2}}}$

l)  $\frac{\frac{1}{10}a^{\frac{1}{2}}x^{\frac{1}{3}}y}{2ax^{\frac{1}{2}}y^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \frac{5y^{\frac{1}{2}}}{a^{\frac{1}{2}}x^{\frac{1}{6}}}$

m)  $\frac{\frac{1}{16}a^{\frac{1}{2}}bx^{\frac{1}{2}}}{4ab^{\frac{1}{3}}x^{\frac{1}{3}}} = \frac{4b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^{\frac{1}{6}}}{a^{\frac{1}{2}}}$

n)  $\frac{\frac{1}{a^4}b^{\frac{1}{n+3}}}{a^{\frac{1}{n}}b^{\frac{1}{2n-1}}} = a^{\frac{1}{4}-\frac{1}{n}}b^{\frac{1}{n+3}-\frac{1}{(2n-1)}} = a^{\frac{n-4}{4}}b^{\frac{2n-1-n-2}{(n+2)(2n-1)}} = a^{\frac{n-4}{4}}b^{\frac{n-3}{(n+2)(2n-1)}}$

o)  $\frac{\frac{1}{4x+2}}{16} = 4^{\frac{1}{x+2}} \cdot 4^{-2} = 4^{\frac{1}{x+2}-2} = 4^{\frac{1-2x-4}{x+2}} = 4^{\frac{-2x+3}{x+2}} = \frac{1}{4^{\frac{2x+3}{x+2}}}$

p)  $\frac{81}{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}} = 3^{4-\frac{1}{x+3}} = 3^{\frac{4x+11}{x+3}}$

q)  $(a-b)^{\frac{1}{3}-\frac{1}{(n-1)}} = (a-b)^{\frac{n-1-3}{3 \cdot (n-1)}} = (a-b)^{\frac{n-4}{3(n-1)}}$

r)  $\frac{a^{\frac{1}{n+1}}}{a^{\frac{1}{n}}} = a^{\frac{1}{n+1}-\frac{1}{n}} = a^{\frac{n-n-1}{n(n+1)}} = a^{-\frac{1}{n(n+1)}} = \frac{1}{a^{\frac{1}{n(n+1)}}}$

#### Lösung A2

a)  $3^{\frac{1}{2n+2}}$

b)  $16x^2 + 24xy^{\frac{1}{2}} + 9y$

c)  $-x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 4x^{\frac{1}{4}} - 4$

d)  $x - x^{\frac{2}{3}}$

e)  $9x + 12x^{\frac{1}{2}}t + 4t^2$

f)  $3^{\frac{1}{2}}(x - 2x^{\frac{1}{2}}t + t^2)$

#### Lösung A3

a)  $4a^{\frac{1}{3}}xb^{-1}$

b)  $4a^{\frac{1}{2}}yb^{-\frac{1}{3}}$

c)  $2a^{-\frac{1}{2}}yb^{-\frac{1}{2}} = 2y(ab)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

d)  $2a^{\frac{2}{3}}b^{\frac{1}{2}}x^{\frac{1}{2}} = 2a^{\frac{2}{3}}(bx)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

e)  $15a^{\frac{1}{3}}b^{-\frac{1}{2}}xy^{-1}$

f)  $3a^{-\frac{2}{3}}x^{\frac{1}{2}}b^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

g)  $5a^{\frac{1}{2}}x^{-\frac{2}{3}}$

h)  $4a^{-\frac{1}{2}}b^{-\frac{1}{6}}c^{-1}$

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### Potenzen Lösungen

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#### Lösung A4

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| a) $3(a^{\frac{1}{2}} + 2a^{\frac{1}{3}})$  | b) $2(a^{\frac{1}{2}} - 3a^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2a^{\frac{1}{4}} - 4a^{\frac{1}{5}})$ |
| c) $3(x-2)\left(\frac{1}{2}x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 1\right)^2$                            | d) $\frac{1}{2}\left(e^{\frac{1}{x}} - \frac{1}{2}e^{\frac{1}{x+1}}\right)$      |
| e) $3\left(x^{\frac{1}{4}} - 4x^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)$                               | f) keine Vereinfachung möglich   |
| g) $a^{\frac{1}{5b}} + 3a^{\frac{5}{5b}} = a^{\frac{1}{5b}}(1 + 3a^{\frac{4}{5b}})$ | h) keine Vereinfachung möglich   |
| i) keine Vereinfachung möglich  |  |

#### Lösung A5

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| a) $x^{\frac{1}{2}}(x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 2)$                                   | b) $3a^{\frac{1}{3}}(a^{\frac{1}{3}} - 4)$                                      |
| c) $(x^{\frac{1}{8}} + a^{\frac{1}{4}})(x^{\frac{1}{8}} - a^{\frac{1}{4}})$ | d) $(e^{\frac{1}{2x}} + e^{\frac{1}{6x}})(e^{\frac{1}{2x}} - e^{\frac{1}{6x}})$ |
| e) $(e^{4x} + 1)(e^{4x} - 1)$   | f) $e^{\frac{1}{x}}(x + 1)^2$   |